



Animal Model Workshop

Organoid Models of Renal Cancer: From Culture Optimization to Therapeutic Insights

Annika Fendler

PhD

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September 11-13, 2025

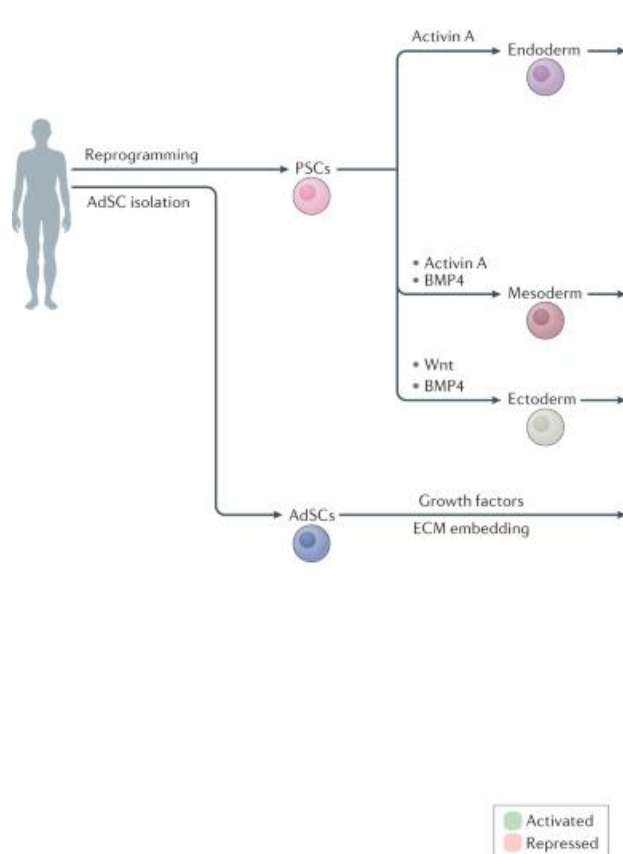


Organoid Models of Renal Cancer: From Culture Optimization to Therapeutic Insights

- Introduction
- Characterizing and targeting a stem cell phenotype in RCC PDO
- Challenges in establishing RCC PDO
 - How can we improve efficiency in PDO establishment
 - What clones are selected in culture?
 - How can we model early tumorigenesis and tumor evolution?
 - How can we incorporate the immune system?
- Conclusions



What are organoids?



Kim, J., et al. *Nature Reviews Molecular Cell Biology* **21**, 571-584 (2020).

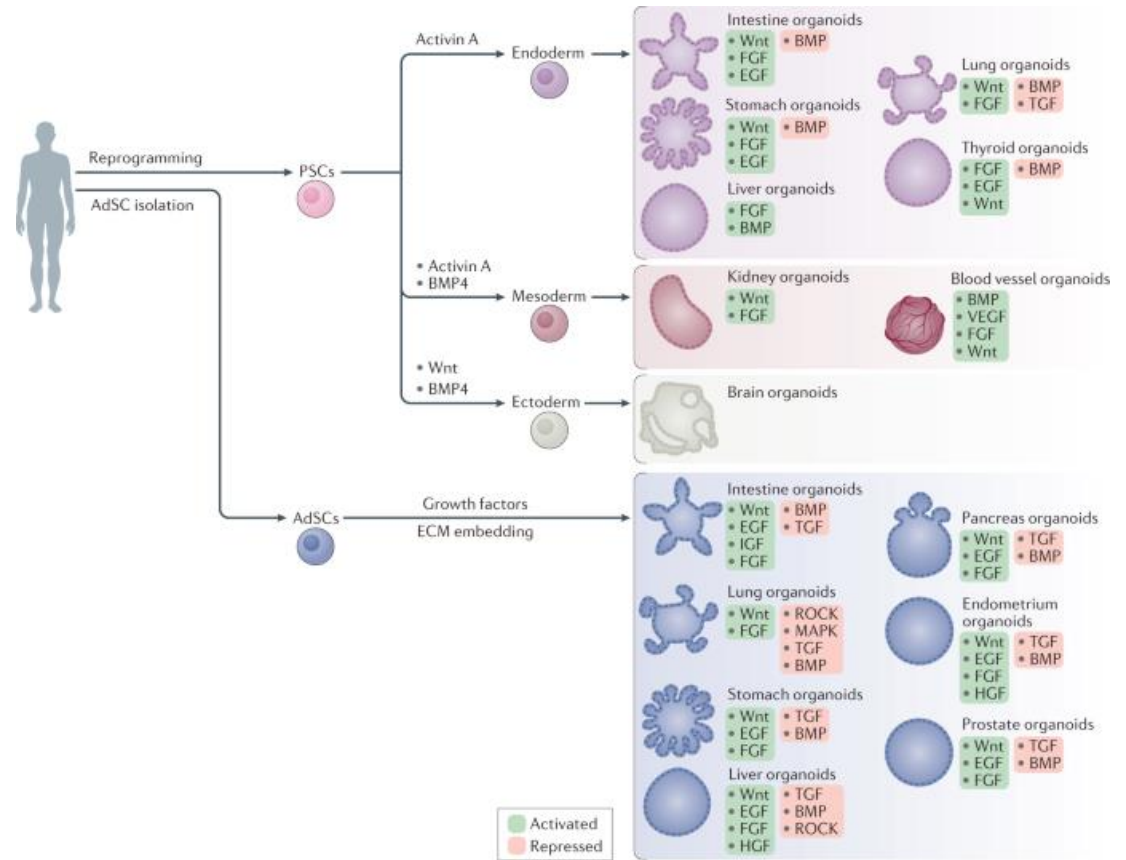


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What are organoids?



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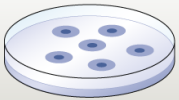
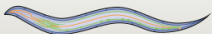
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How do PDO compare to other model systems

	 2D cell culture	 <i>C.elegans</i>	 <i>D. melanogaster</i>	 <i>D. rerio</i>	 <i>M. musculus</i>	 PDX	 Human organoids
Ease of establishing system	✓/✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ease of maintenance	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Recapitulation of developmental biology	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
Duration of experiments	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Genetic manipulation	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
Genome-wide screening	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Physiological complexity	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Relative cost	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Recapitulation of human physiology	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

 Best
  Good
  Partly suitable
  Not suitable

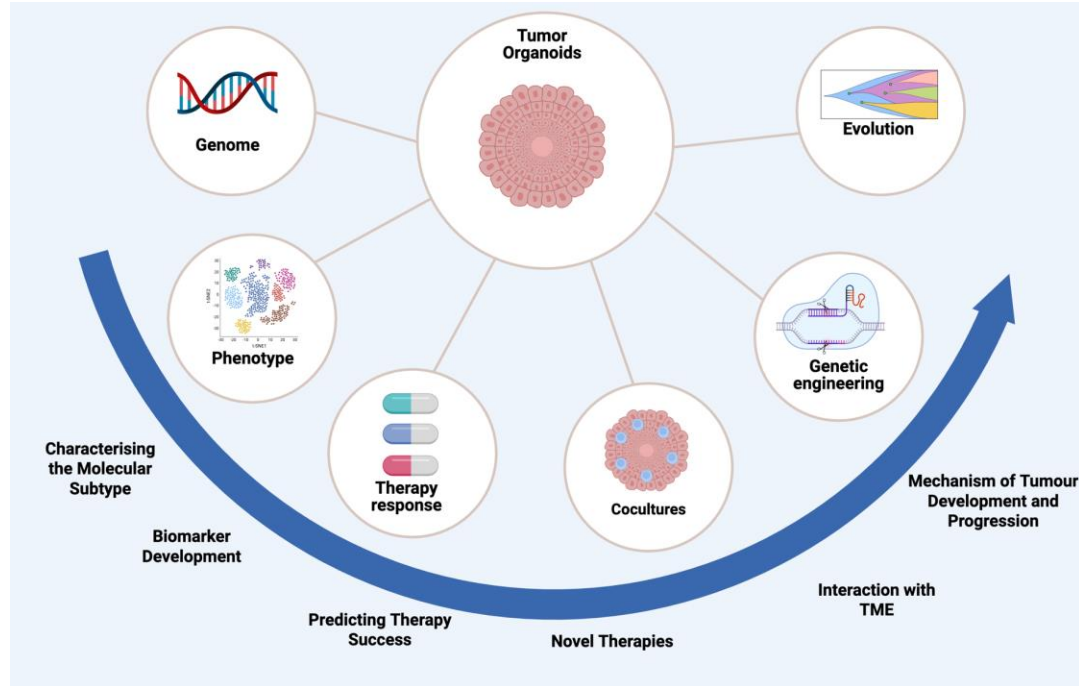
Kim, J., et al. *Nature Reviews Molecular Cell Biology* **21**, 571-584 (2020).



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Applications of PDO



Fendler et al. Nature Communications, 2020

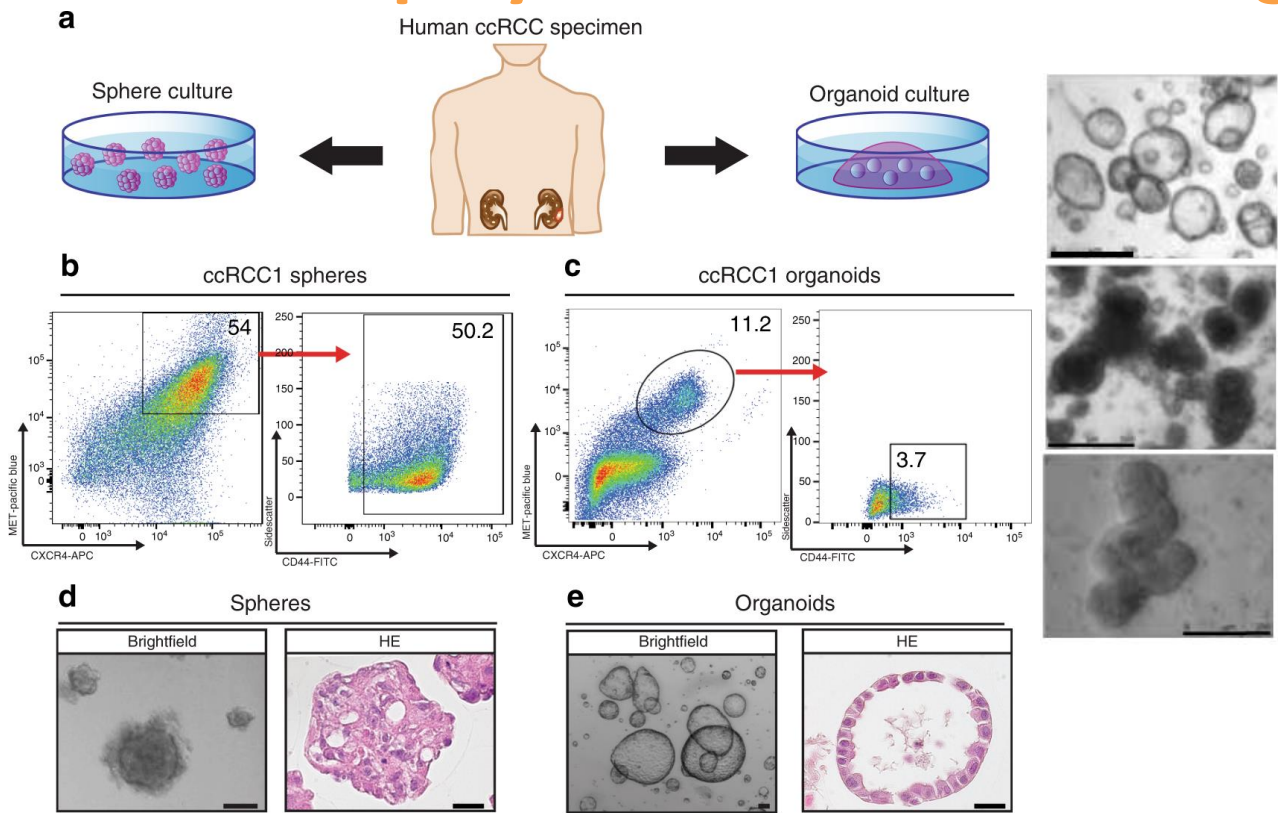
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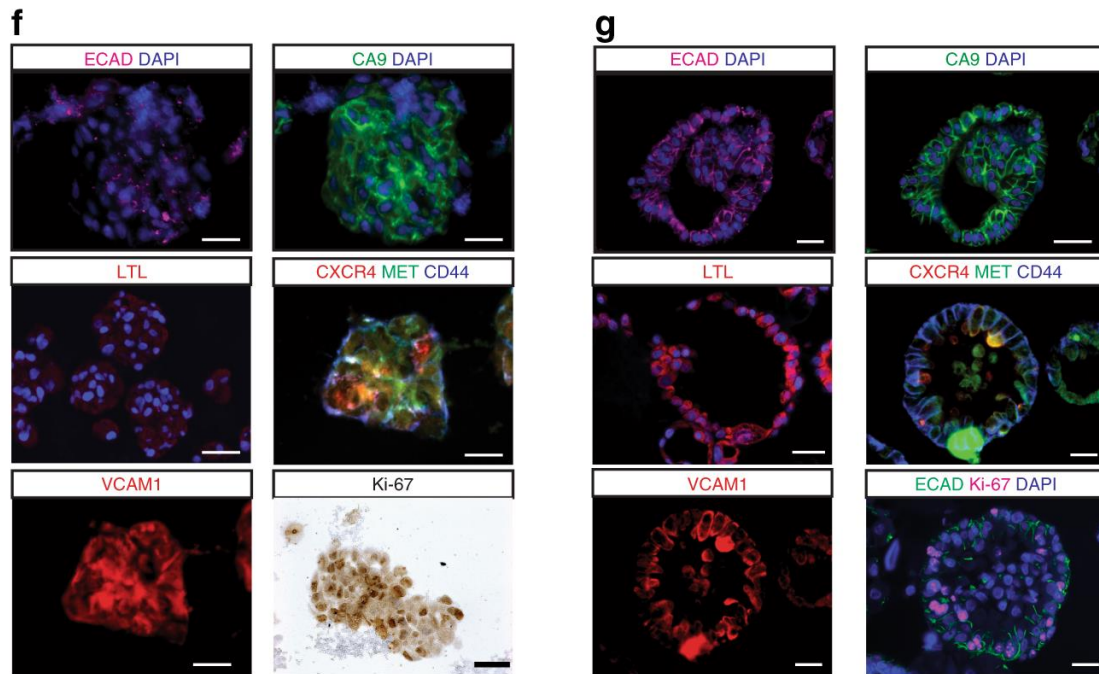
RCC cells display differentiation in organoid cultures



Fendler et al. Nature Communications, 2020

September 11-13, 2025

RCC cells display differentiation in organoid cultures



Fendler et al. Nature Communications, 2020

September 11-13, 2025



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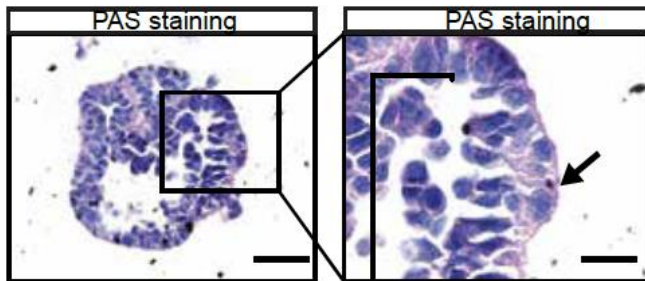
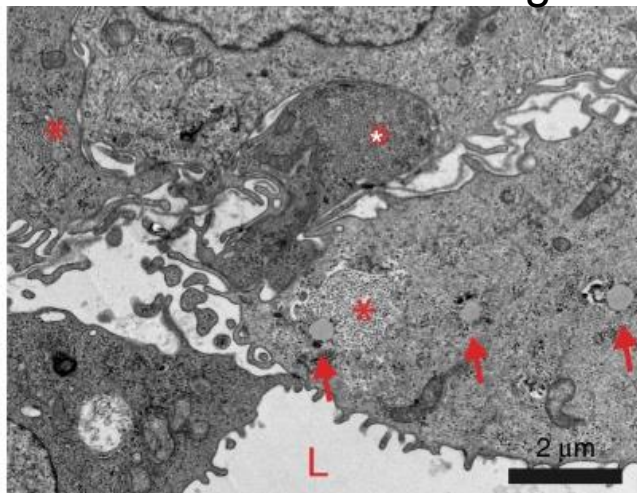
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Fendler et al. Nature Communications, 2020

RCC cells display differentiation in organoid cultures

Glycogen and lipid deposits
indicate metabolic changes



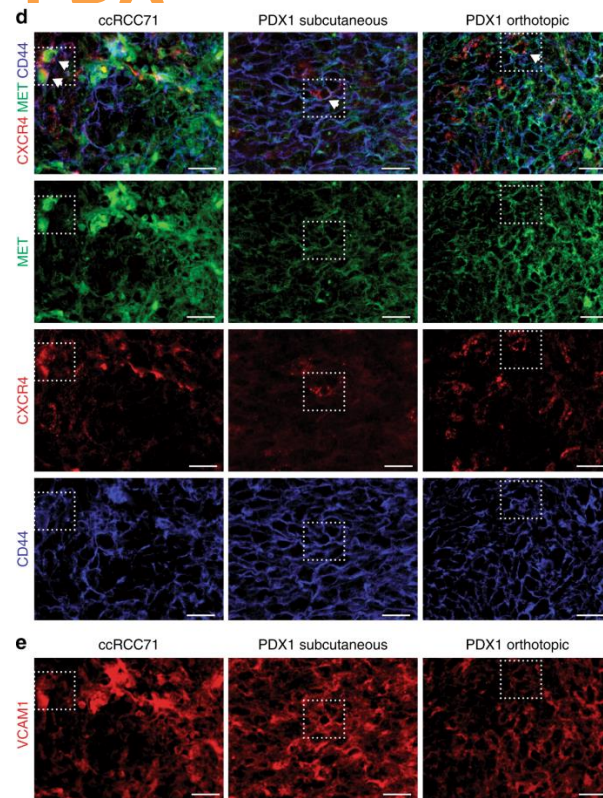
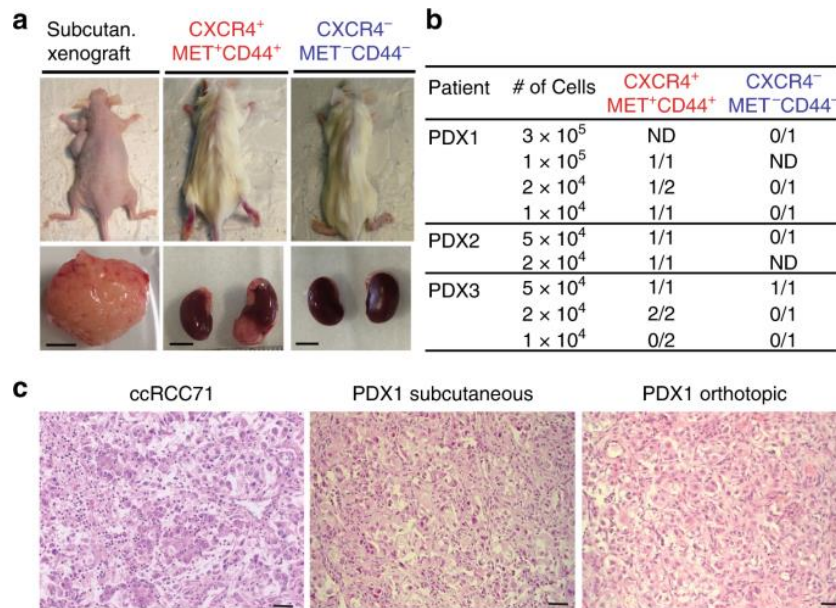
Fendler et al. Nature Communications, 2020

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Cells with a regenerative phenotype can reseed tumors in PDX



Fendler et al. Nature Communications, 2020

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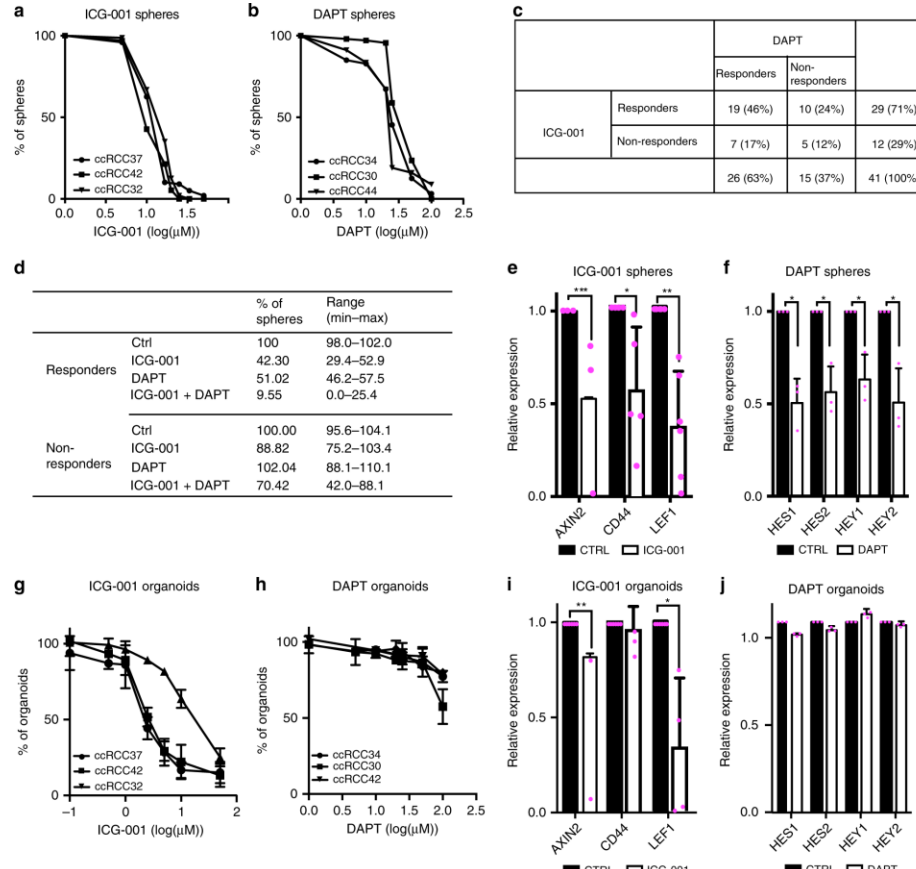
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Fendler et al. Nature Communications, 2020

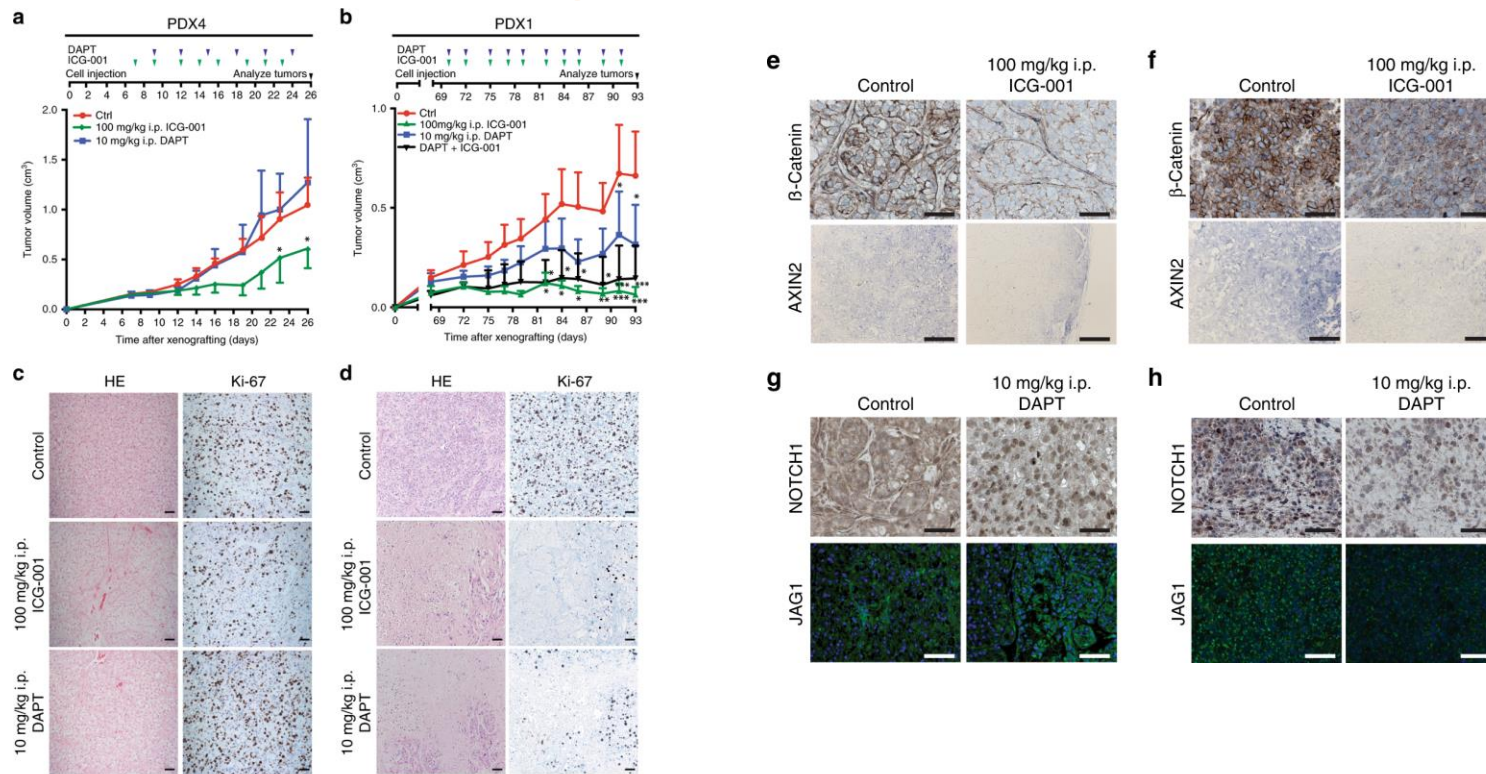
Personalised treatment response in organoids



Fendler et al. Nature
Communications, 2020

September 11-13, 2025

Outcomes in organoids reflect outcomes in PDX

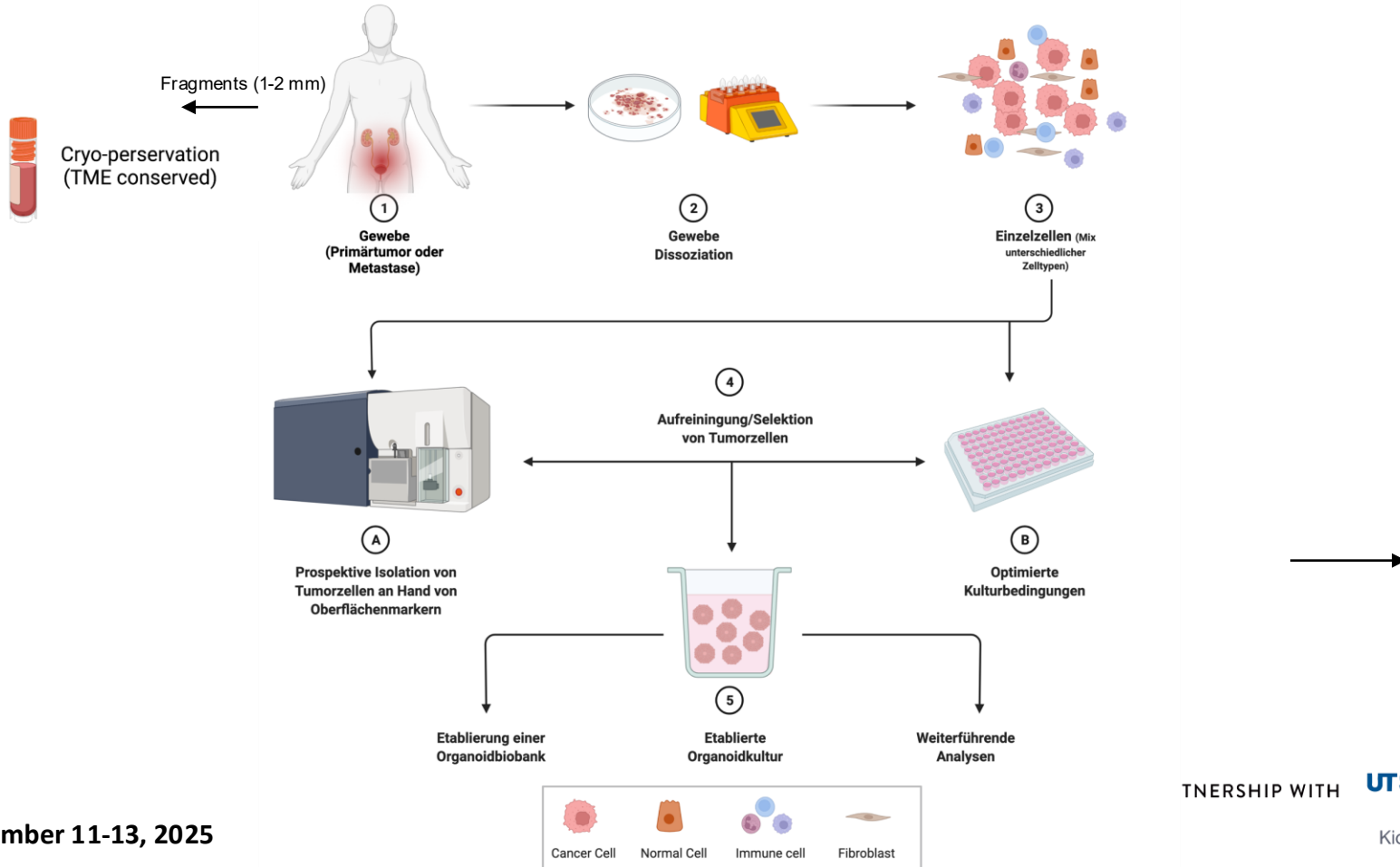


What are the limitations for kidney PDO

1. How can we improve efficiency in PDO establishment
2. What clones are selected in culture?
3. How can we model early tumorigenesis and tumor evolution?
4. How can we incorporate the immune system?



Workflow to establish patient-derived RCC organoids



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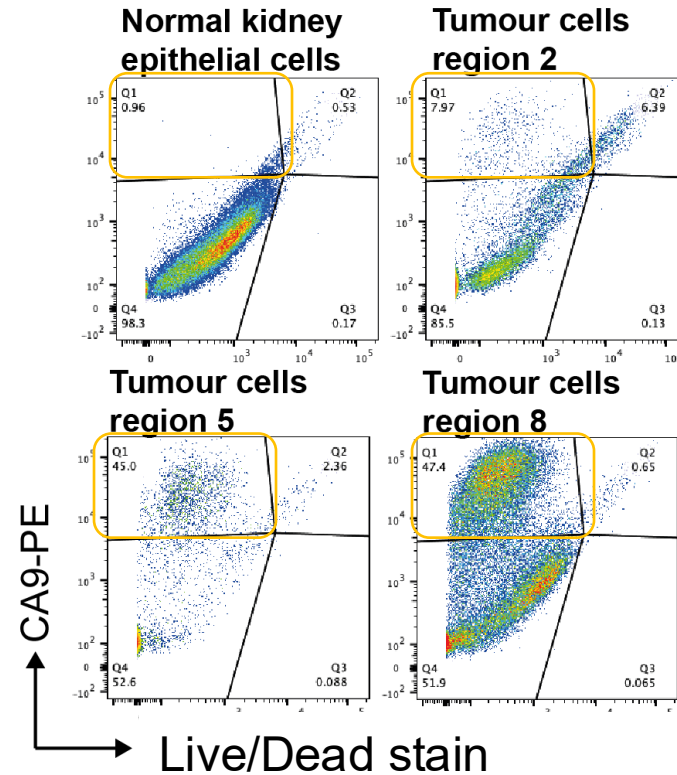
1. Efficiency of PDO formation

Proportion of tumor cells is variable in different biopsies

- some biopsies have low tumor cell content
- failure to grow
- risk of other cell types outgrowing the tumor cells

Solution:

- Depletion of other cell types
- Positive selection of tumor cells



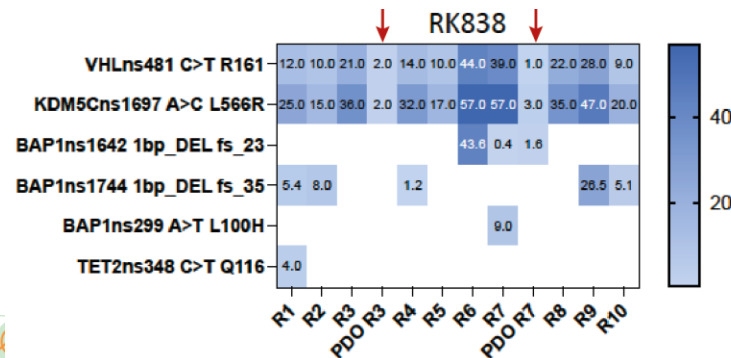
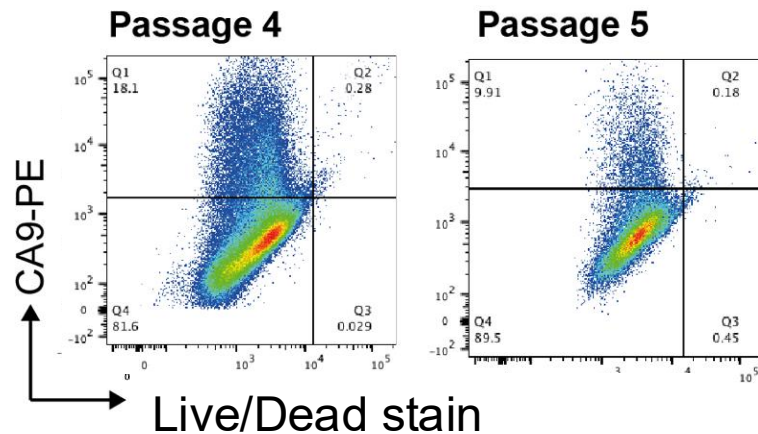
1. Efficiency of PDO formation

Tumour cells get depleted over time

- The proportion of tumor cells decreases with each passage
- Genomic alterations are representative of primary region but at lower AF

Solution:

- Depletion of other cell types
- Positive selection of tumour cells
- Improve culture conditions

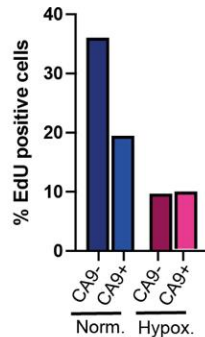
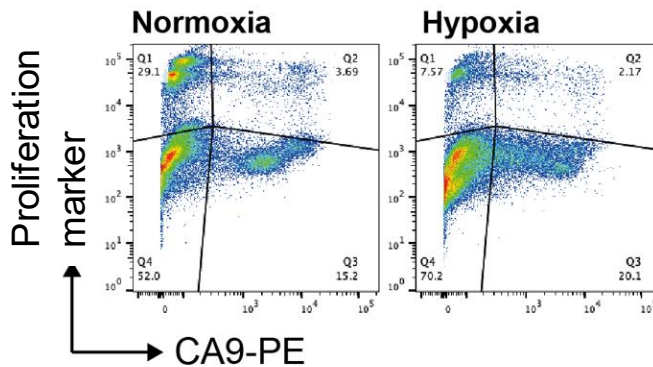
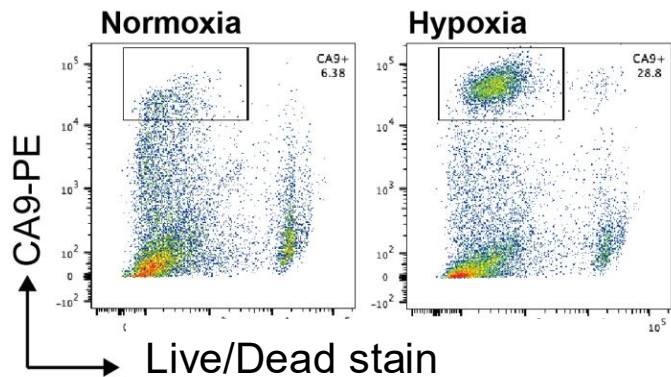


1. Efficiency of PDO formation

RCC tumor cell proliferation can be maintained in hypoxic growth conditions

No depletion of tumor cells in hypoxia

Proliferation changes in favor of tumor cells



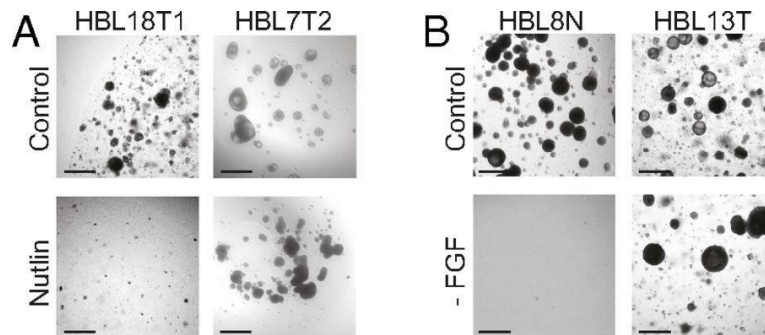
1. Efficiency of PDO formation

Optimize growth conditions

- Add growth factors
- Withdraw growth factors to enrich for specific driver genes

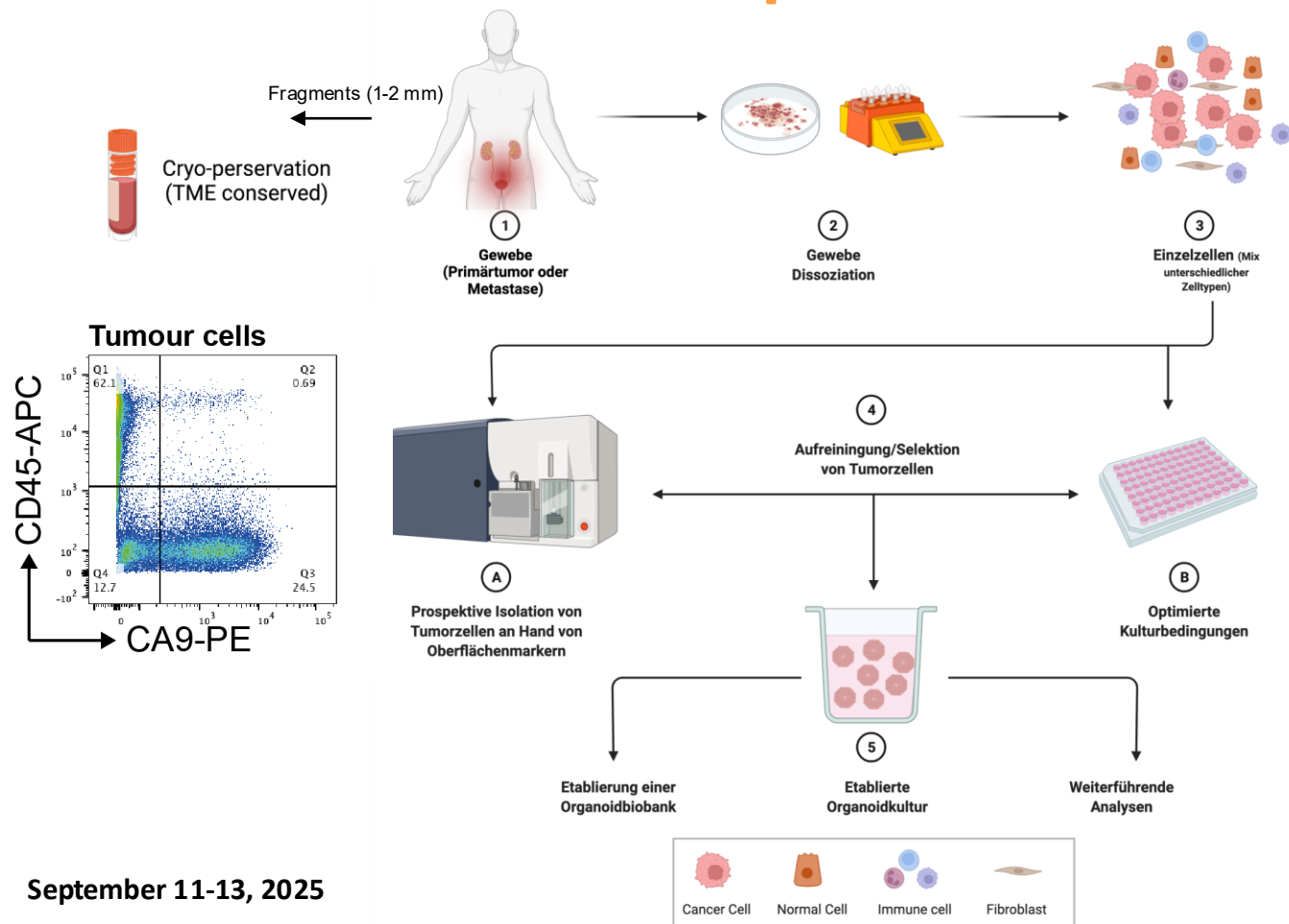
But

- Challenge to identify growth factors with consistent growth advantaged
- Need for prior characterization if patient specific



Mullenders, J. *et al. PNAS* **116**, 4567-4574 (2019).

Workflow to establish patient-derived RCC organoids



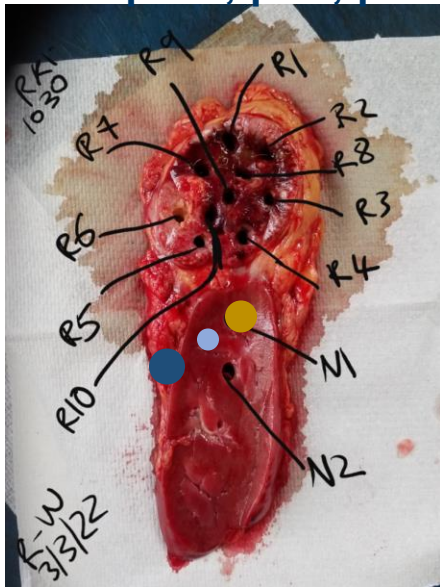
→ Hypoxia

→ Additional growth factors?
Specific for molecular subtype?

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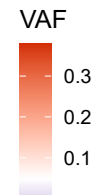
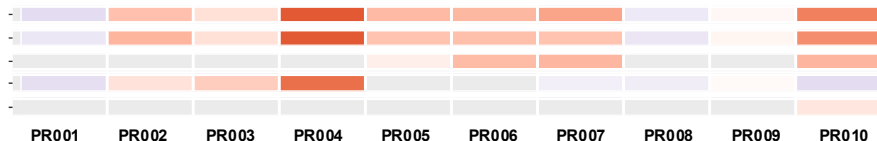
2. What clones are selected in culture?

G4 pT3a; pNx; pMx



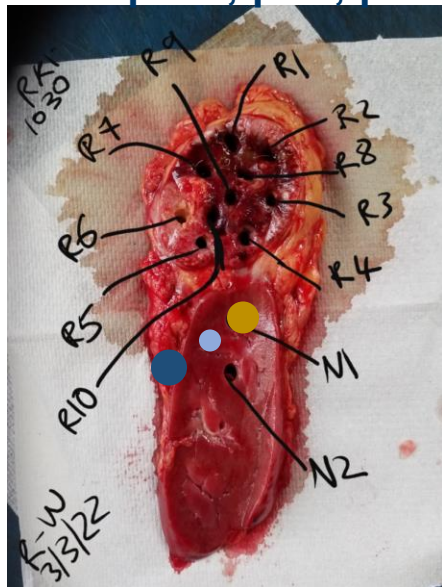
VHL, BAP1 clonal mutations

VHL_c.464-11T>A
BAP1_c.322_1bpDEL
PTEN_c.106G>A
HMCN1_c.684_1bpINS
TP53_c.700T>C



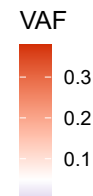
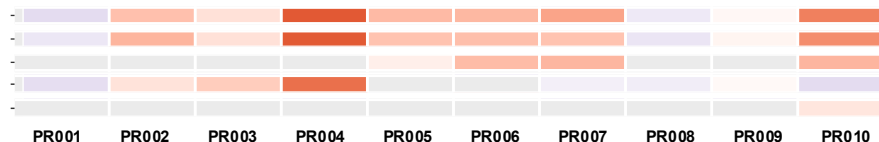
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VHL, BAP1 clonal mutations

VHL_c.464-11T>A
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PTEN_c.106G>A
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TP53_c.700T>C



GB1

GB2

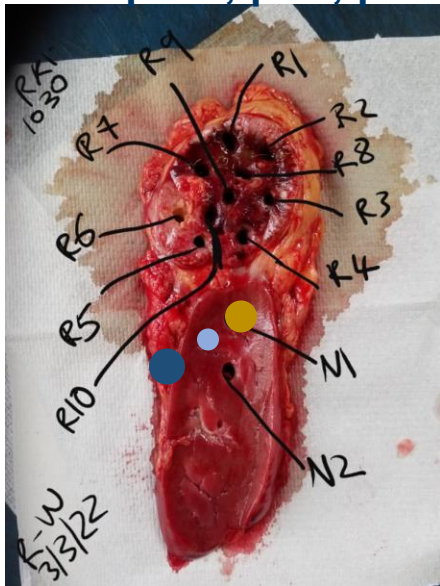
	Passage 3	Passage 9	Passage 10	Passage 13
VHL	0.98	0.98	0.99	0.97
BAP1	0.96	0.95	0.92	0.95
PTEN	0.97	0.99	0	0
HMCN1	0	0	0	0
TP53	0	0	0.24	0.12

present in adjacent PR010



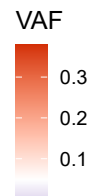
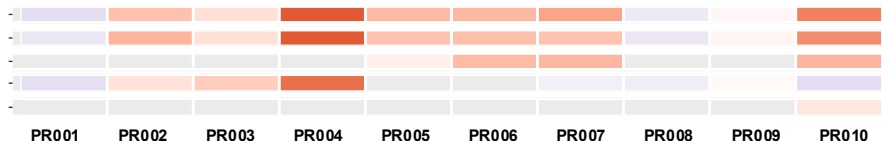
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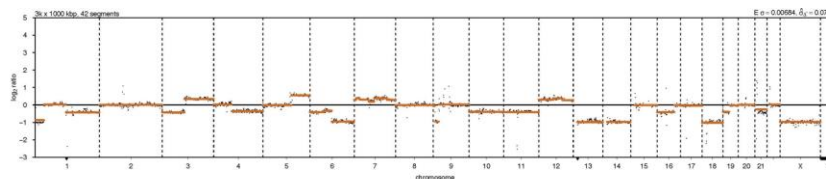


VHL, BAP1 clonal mutations

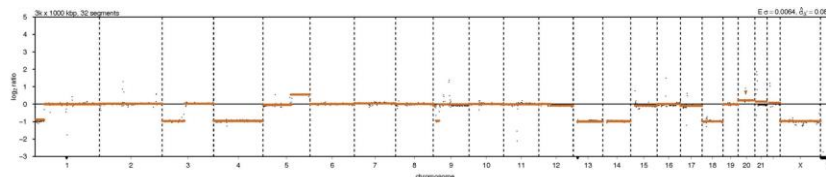
VHL_c.464-11T>A
BAP1_c.322_1bpDEL
PTEN_c.106G>A
HMCN1_c.684_1bpINS
TP53_c.700T>C



K1030_GB1

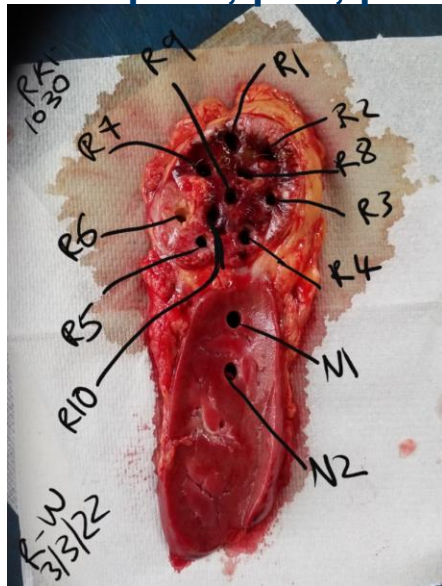


K1030_GB2



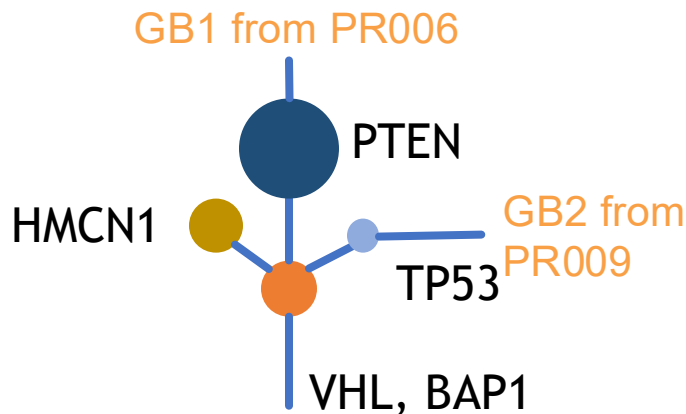
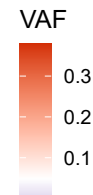
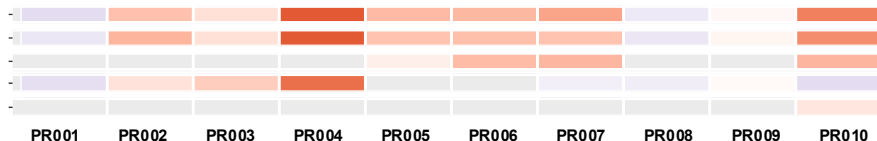
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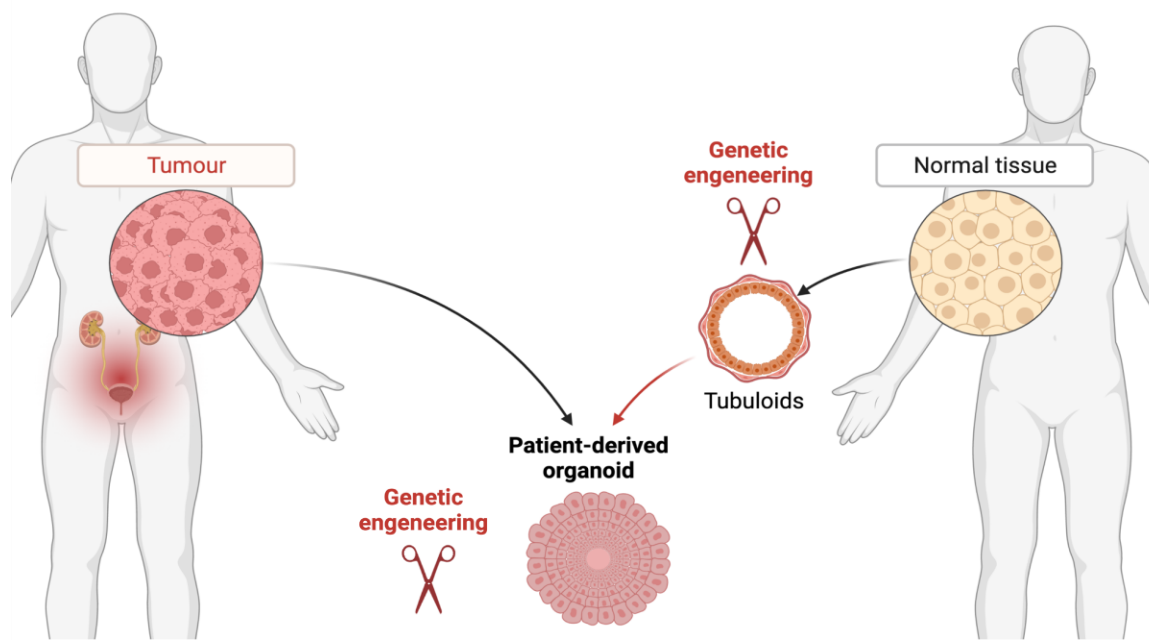


PDO can maintain tumor subclones which are representative of the primary tumor region

BUT: Selective advantage may differ



Patient-derived organoid cultures



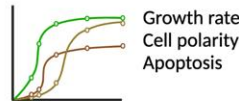
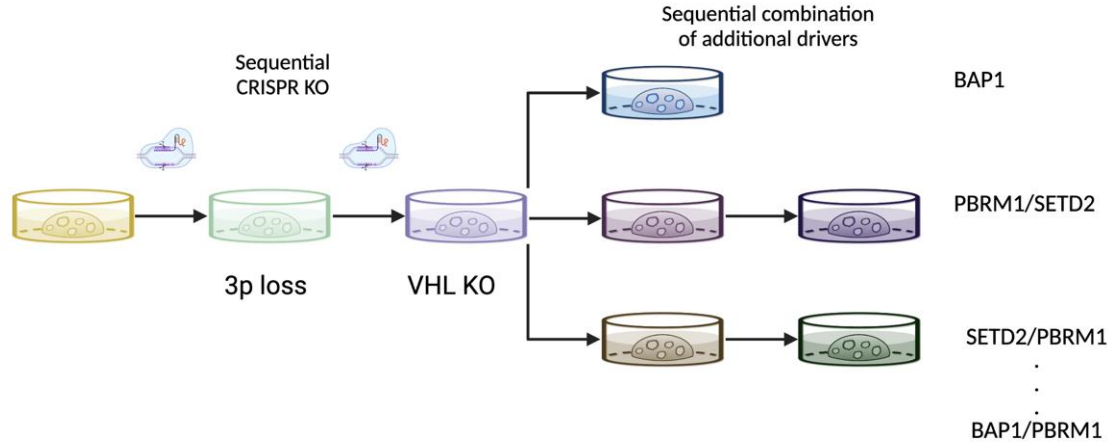
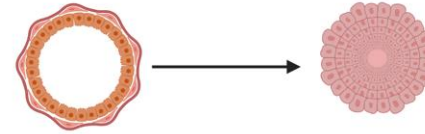
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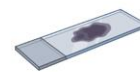
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Evolutionary replay: Understanding early stages of tumorigenesis



Genome
Epigenome
Transcriptome

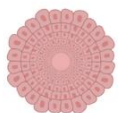


Imaging

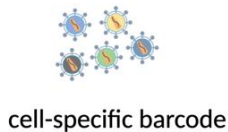
Evolutionary forward play: Understanding how tumours will continue to evolve



3p/VHL
engineered
organoid



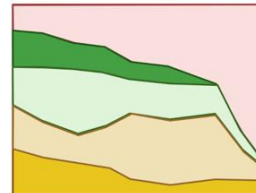
Patient-derived
organoid



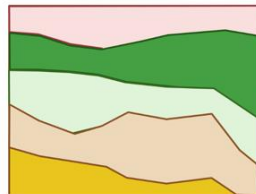
cell-specific barcode



Control conditions



Selective pressure
e.g. hypoxia, growth factor
withdrawal, co-culture



days in culture



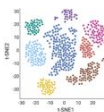
scSeq, shallow whole
genome



Population dynamics
Clone dominance
Clone distinction



Genome evolution
Cell lineage



Single cell
transcriptomic
patterns and
trajectories

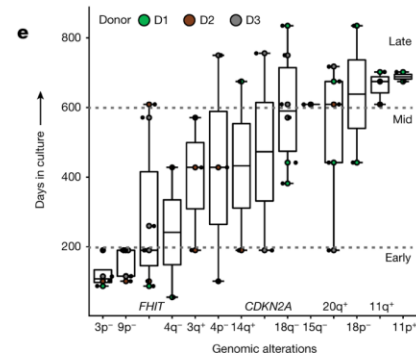
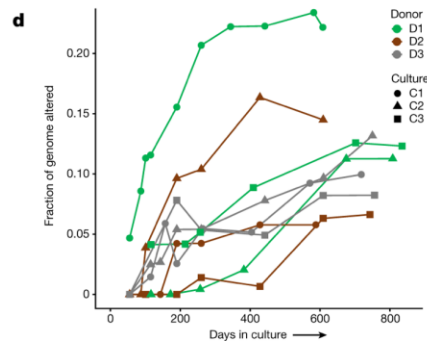
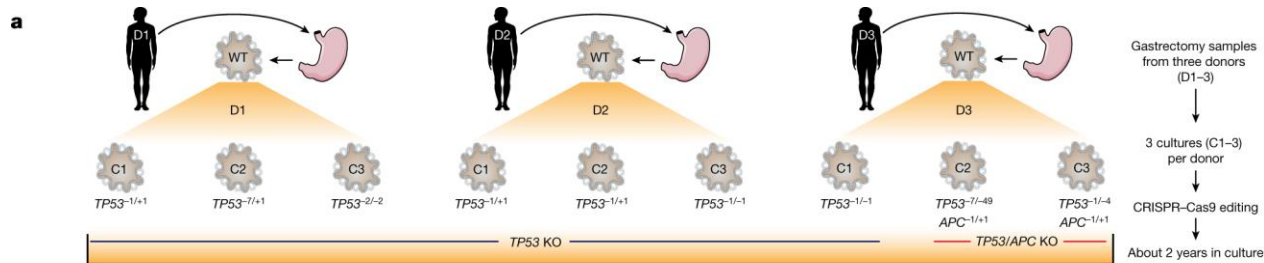


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Gastric organoids acquire copy number alterations over time



Karlsson, K. *et al. Nature* **618**, 383-393 (2023).



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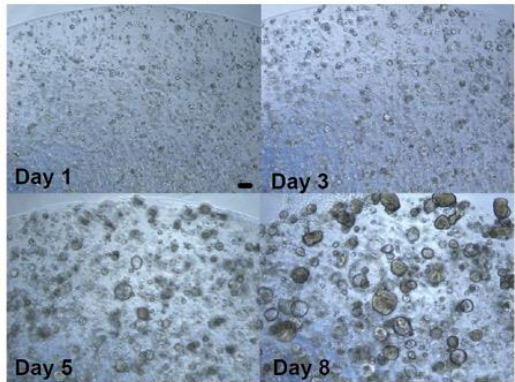
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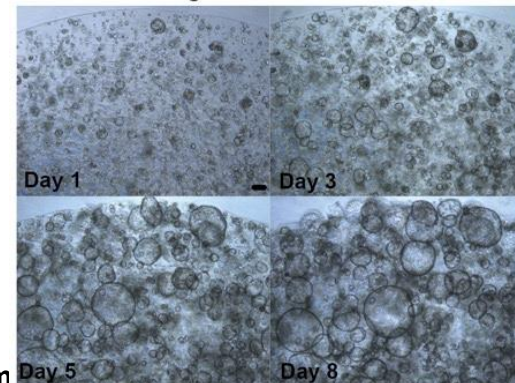
Normal organoid cultures can be successfully established and show heterogeneous growth patterns

A

RK924 N1 Passage 4

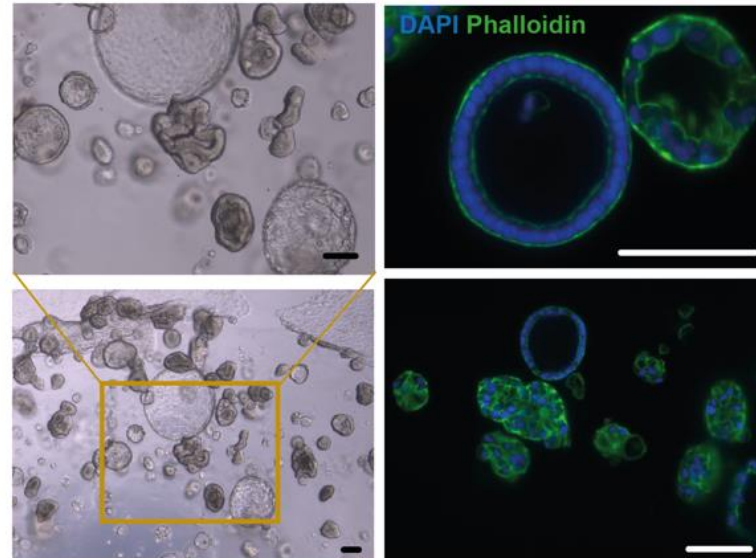


RK919 N1 Passage 4



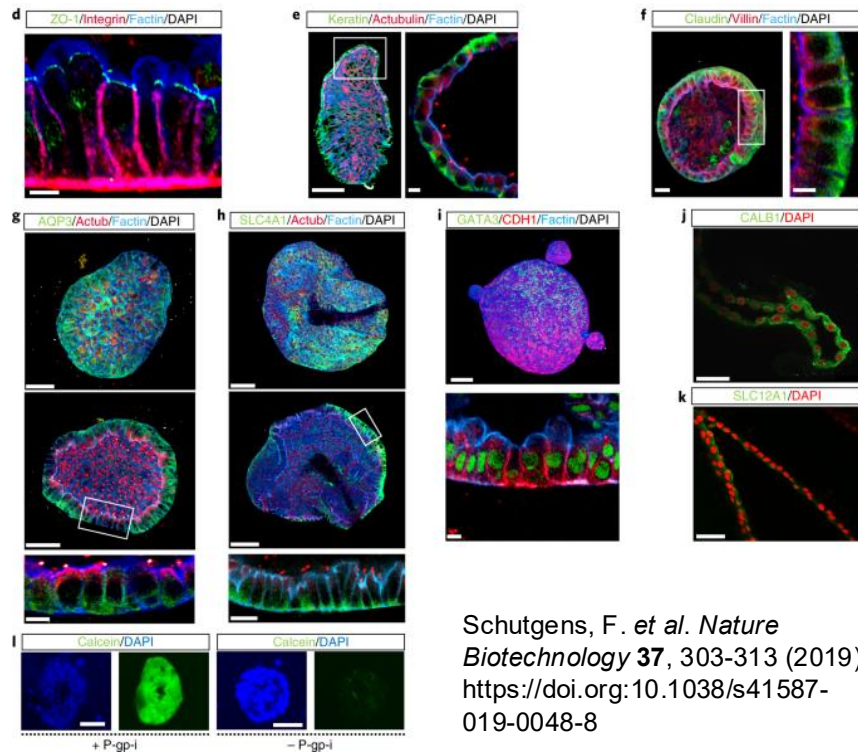
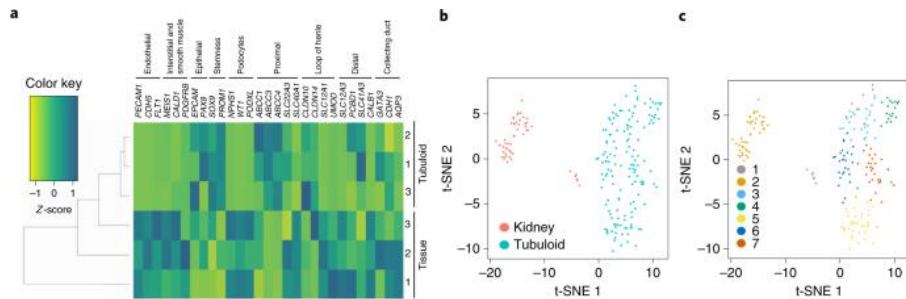
B

RK924



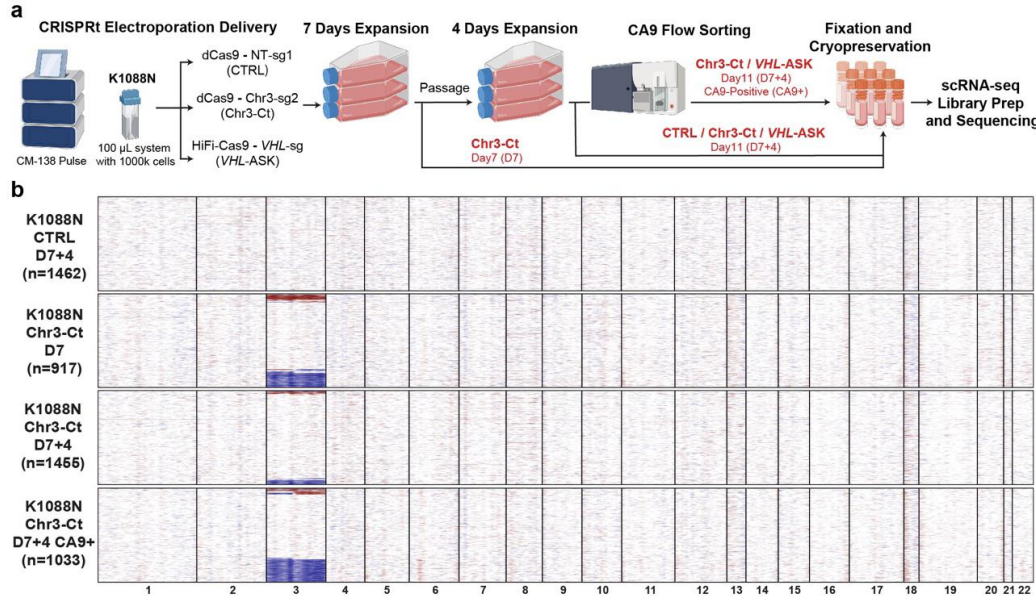
Normal organoid cultures can be successfully established and show heterogeneous growth patterns

- Mainly represent are regenerative phenotype
- including proximal tubules and collecting duct
- Markers are distributed in an organoid-specific fashion



Schutgens, F. *et al. Nature Biotechnology* **37**, 303-313 (2019).
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-019-0048-8>

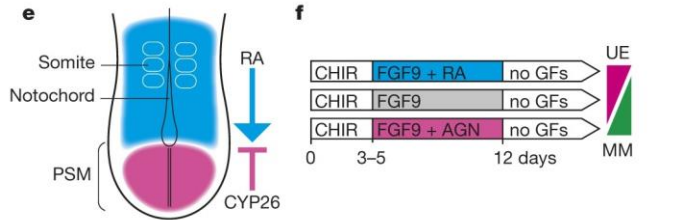
Genetic engineering of normal organoids



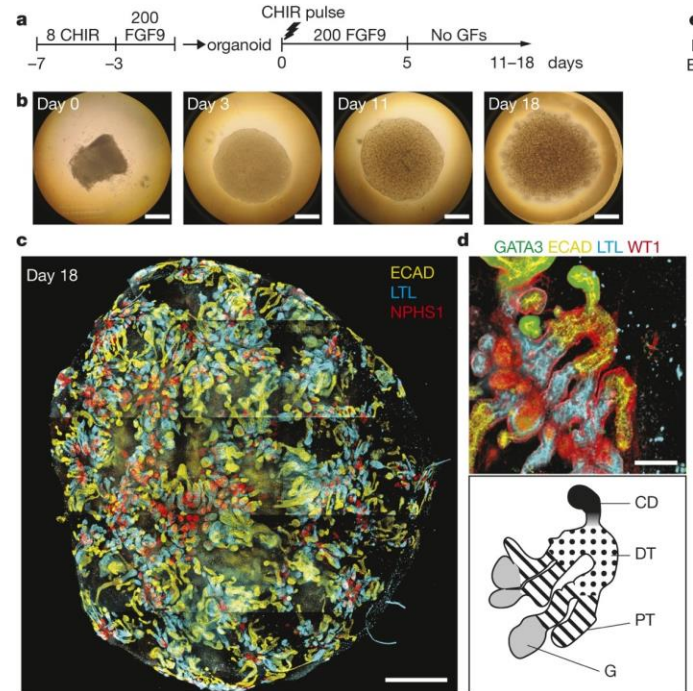
Feng, H. *et al.* *Chromosome-Specific Aneuploidy Engineering via dCas9-Induced Centromeric Chromatin Relaxation* (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 2025).



Modelling kidney development from iPSC



- iPSC generated from patients
- Modelling hereditary disease, e.g. vHL



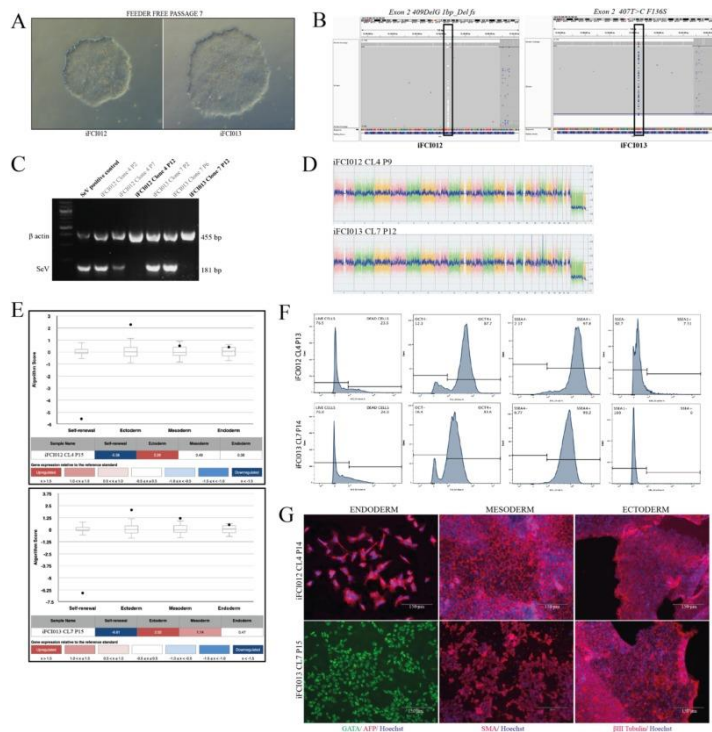
Takasato, M. *et al. Nature* **526**, 564-568 (2015).



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Generation of iPSC lines from patients with VHL disease



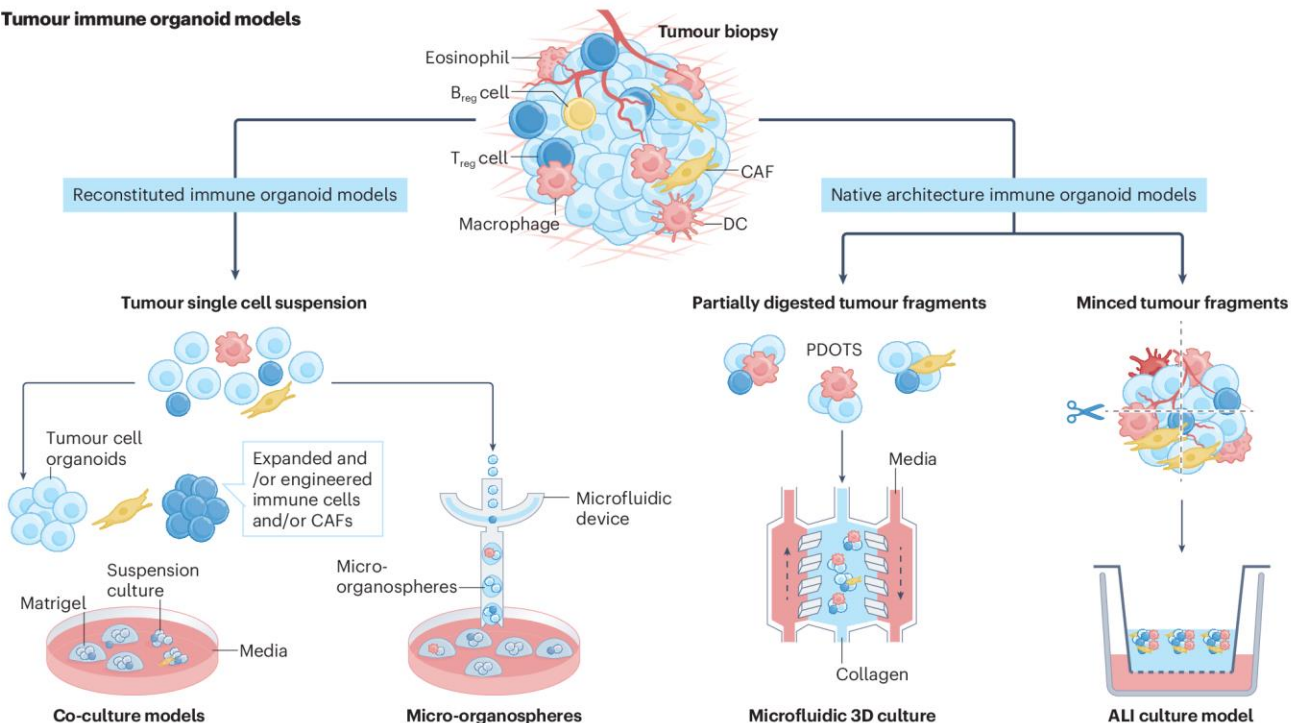
- Functional effect of specific VHL mutations
- Differentiation to different lineages possible
- Genetic engineering (loss of second allele, loss of 3p)

Devito, L. G. *et al.* Generation of TWO iPSC lines (CRICKi009-A; CRICKi010-A) from patients with type 1 von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) and histopathologically confirmed renal cell carcinoma (RCC). *Stem Cell Research* **81**, 103611 (2024). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scr.2024.103611>



4. How can we incorporate the immune system?

Tumour immune organoid models



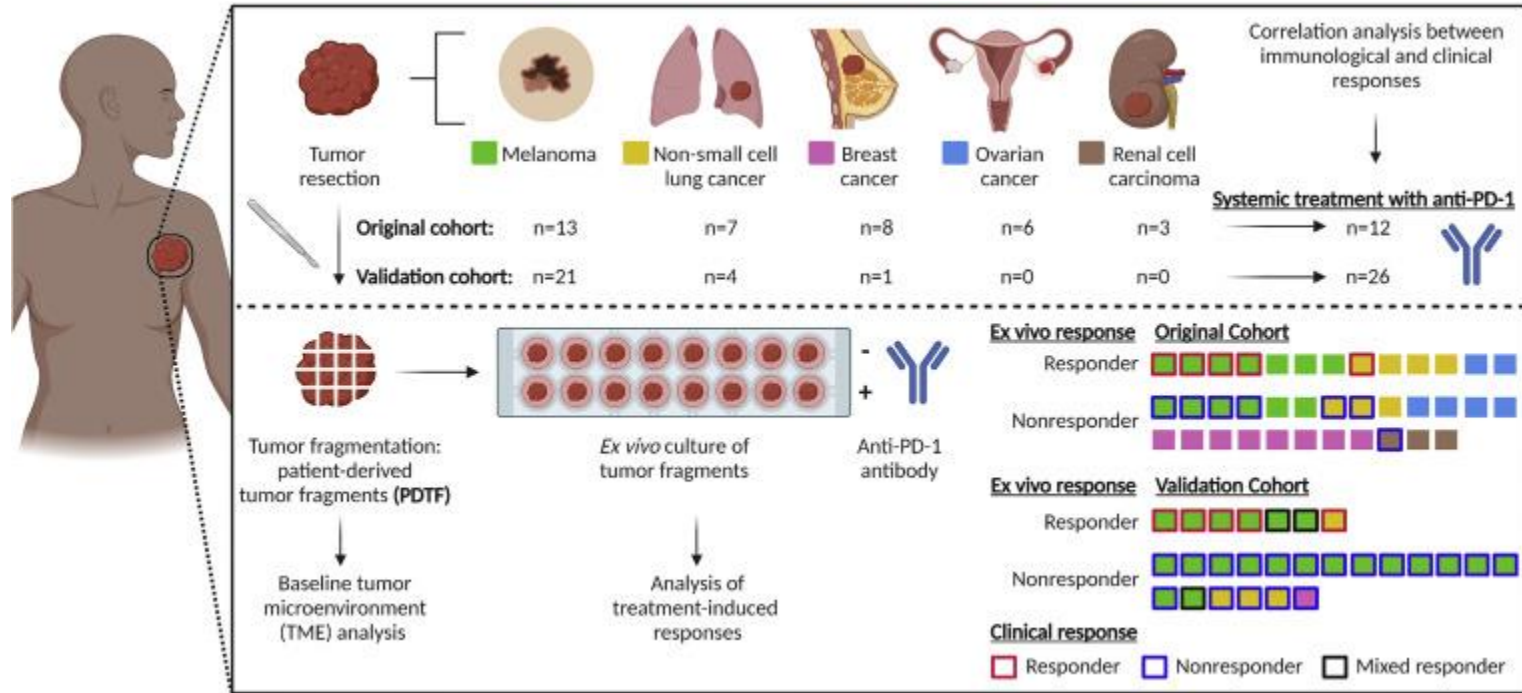
Polak, R., et al. *Nat Rev Cancer* **24**, 523-539 (2024).



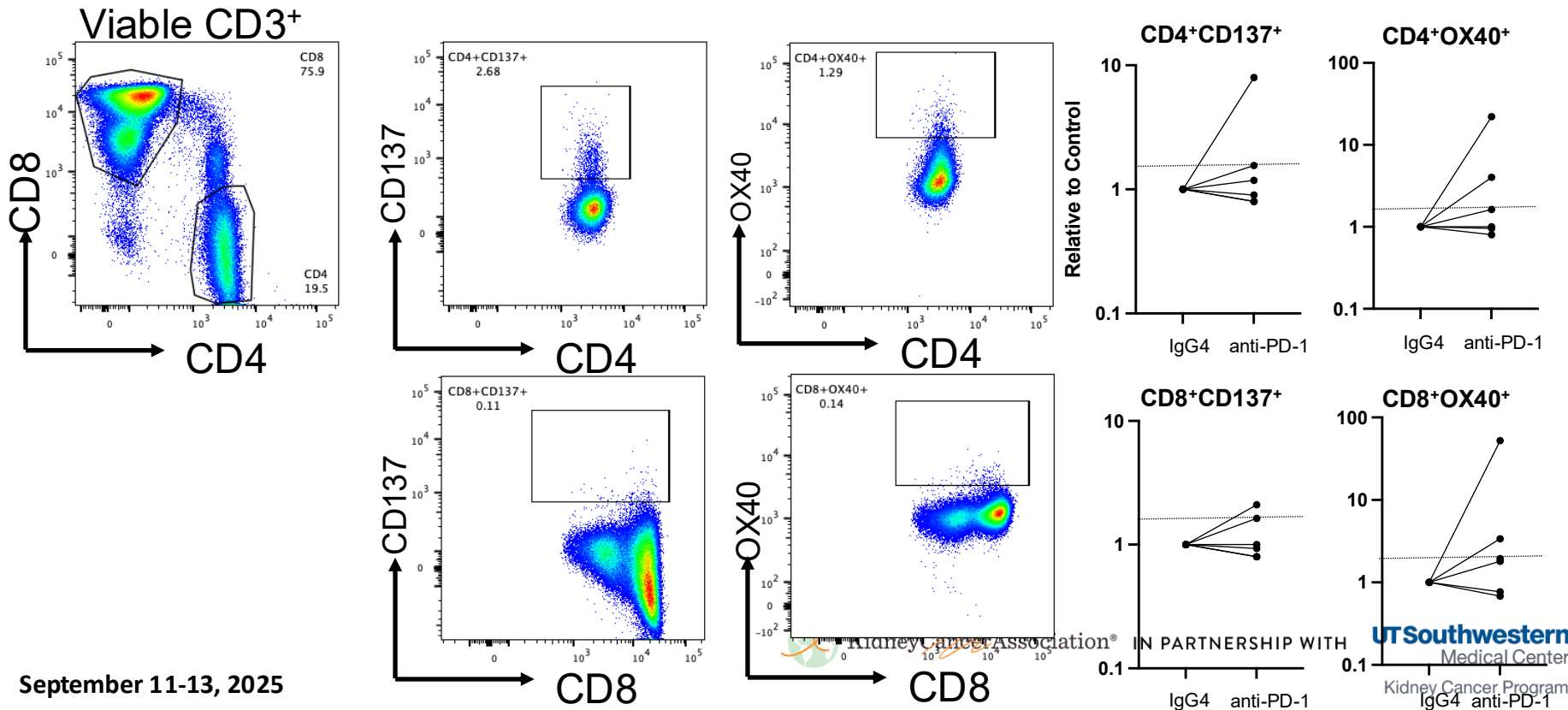
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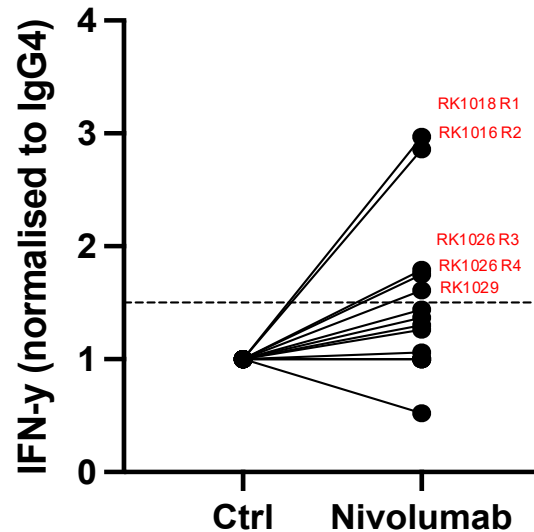
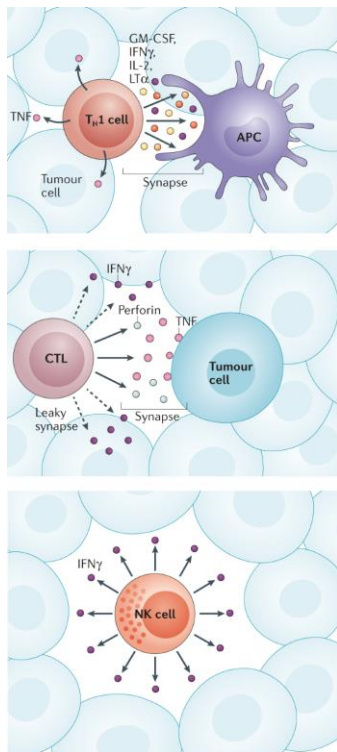
Fragment cultures represent TIME heterogeneity and predictive responses to IO



Flow assay to identify activated T cells post nivolumab treatment



IFN- γ secretion from activated cells is an alternative method to quantify response



Different regions from the same patient show concordant responses

Case number	Region	Response (IFN-γ)	Response (CD4)	Response (CD8)
RK1015	R10	NR		
RK1015	R12	NR	NR	NR
RK1016	R2	R		
RK1018	R1	R		
RK1025	R1+2	NR		
RK1026	R3	R		
RK1026	R4	R	R	R
RK1027	R4	NR		
RK1027	R13	NR	NR	NR
RK1028	R9	NR	NR	(N)R
RK1028	R2	NR		
RK1029	Swiss cheese	R		
RK1030	R6	NR		
RK1031	R5	NR	R	R
RK1034	Central	NR		
RK1034	North	NR	NR	NR

NR, non-responder; R, responder



Conclusions

- PDO can maintain regenerative and differentiation capacity over culture
- Culture conditions should allow tumor cells to outcompete other cell types
- PDO can be established from different subclones of the primary tumor and represent these regions
- Genetic engineering in PDO can be used to functionally study tumorigenesis and evolution in vitro
- Incorporating the immune system is essential for predicting therapy outcomes for RCC



Thank you



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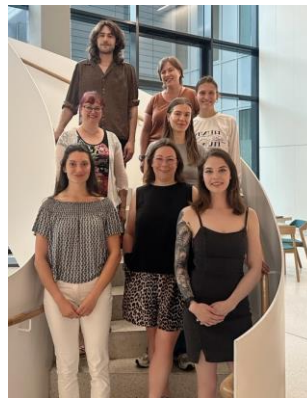
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